

APPENDIX 10.2 UNDESIGNATED ASSETS IN THE CULTURAL HERITAGE INNER STUDY AREAS

APPENDIX 10.2 UNDESIGNATED ASSETS IN THE CULTURAL HERITAGE INNER STUDY AREAS (FIGURE 10.1, VOLUME 2)

SMR no / Canmore no / Designation Ref	Asset Name / Type	Easting	Northing	Source(s)	Asset description	Asset Sensitivity
CFA 001	Area of Rig and Furrow	373560	675722	Lidar; Field Survey	An area of rig and furrow was recorded covering much of the field to the south of the coast west of Chapel Point. The rigs are visible in lidar imagery, aligned roughly west to east, and are detectable on the ground, but are poorly preserved, measuring around 4 m wide and little more than 0.2 m high. The remains are evidence of relic post medieval cultivation.	Low
MEL 1764	St Denis's Chapel	373930	675799	HER	The HER records that a chapel was recorded in the New Statistical Account (1845) and the Ordnance Survey Name Book (1853) as having been washed away by the sea some years previously and that bones found in the vicinity suggest the presence of a burial ground. In 2006 (MEL 9365) and 2015 (MEL 11001 and MEL 10836) medieval pottery shards and animal bones were recorded in coastal erosion on Chapel Point perhaps indicating that remains of medieval date survive on this headland. In 2016 a geophysical survey (EEL 1007) at Chapel Point was undertaken to identify remains of the chapel or the burial ground, but no definitive geophysical anomalies were identified which could correspond to the former chapel or burial ground. From the results of the geophysical survey, the eroding remains of medieval date, and the antiquarian reports on the chapel, it is not clear what, if anything, remains of this chapel and burial ground on Chapel Point.	Medium
MEL 1770	Skateraw Possible Long Cist Burial	373000	675299	HER, Canmore	The HER records that in 1964 a possible cist was recorded in the field to the immediate south of Skateraw, ring ditches and cropmarks (SM 4040), and east of Dryburn Bridge, enclosure (SM 4038). Excavation recorded three stones, set on edge in a line east to west. The total length of the stones was recorded as being 6ft 2 ins (1.8 m) and they were 1ft deep (0.3 m). There was no sign of a body. They were interpreted as the remains of a destroyed long cist burial.	Low
MEL 1774	Skateraw Enclosure	373579	675350	HER, Canmore, Aerial photography	The HER and Canmore report the cropmarks of an enclosure visible on aerial photography about 250 m north, northeast of Skateraw (Fairey Survey Ltd, 20/986-91, flown 1974). Not visible on current aerial photography (Google Earth, Bing Aerial) this may be a result of crop conditions at time of photography rather than absence of cropmarks.	Up to Medium
MEL 1777	Skateraw Earthwork	373309	675479	HER, Canmore, Field survey	The HER and Canmore record the remains of an earthwork, represented by a circular platform 12 m in diameter with an outer ditch 0.2 m deep; overall diameter 18 m. Destroyed by ploughing in the field to the south. It was visible on aerial photographs (58/RAF/5262: 0288-9) and was visited by the Ordnance Survey 8 August 1966. Field survey (January 2022) found no evidence on the ground for any platform or other earthworks.	Low
MEL 1799	Innerwick Free Church	372110	675019	HER, historic mapping	The HER records that the free church and manse are depicted on the first edition Ordnance Survey map (Haddingtonshire, sheet 12, 1854) and are still shown on the Ordnance Survey 1:10,000 map sheet (NT77NW, 1983). They have since been demolished, presumably to make way for the new route of the A1 Trunk Road.	Negligible

SMR no / Canmore no / Designation Ref	Asset Name / Type	Easting	Northing	Source(s)	Asset description	Asset Sensitivity
MEL 1800	Innerwick Free Church, Manse	372120	674999	HER, historic maps	The HER records that the free church and manse are depicted on the first edition Ordnance Survey map (Haddingtonshire, sheet 12, 1854) and are still shown on the Ordnance Survey 1:10,000 map sheet (NT77NW, 1983). They have since been demolished, presumably to make way for the new route of the A1 Trunk Road.	Negligible
MEL 1812	Skateraw Cist	372190	675029	HER	The HER records that a cist, containing a beaker, was found in February 1939 on Skateraw farm. The findspot was on the crest of a low natural ridge, near Innerwick Free Church, Manse (MEL 1779 & MEL 1800), immediately in front of the windows. There was no trace of a tumulus and the cist, which was less than 1ft (0.3 m) below the surface, was formed of four slabs and measured 4ft (1.2 m) by 2 1/2 ft (0.75 m) by about 2ft (0.6 m) deep.	Low
MEL 1813	Skateraw Short Cist	373129	675379	HER	The HER records the site of a short cist (MEL1813) within the scheduled area of Skateraw, ring ditches and cropmarks (SM4040), which was recorded during ploughing in 1958. The cist was made of local slabs and contained a crouched burial and a beaker. Cremation burials of this type are typically dated to the early Bronze Age. There are no surface remains of this burial.	Low
MEL 1814	Skateraw Burial Cairn	373299	675099	HER	<p>The HER records that an '<i>immense cairn</i>' in a field on Skateraw farm was removed sometime between 1806 and 1814.</p> <p>Beneath a pile of stones was a stone lined cist containing the remains of a skeleton, accompanied by an Early Bronze Age flat dagger. The dagger blade and its associated gold pommel-mount are in the National Museum of Antiquities of Scotland.</p> <p>A watching brief was carried out in December 2004, during topsoil stripping and the grubbing out of concrete foundations of a barn on the west side of the farm. No archaeological features or deposits were identified.</p>	Low
MEL 1848	Innerwick Stone Coffins	373000	673699	HER, Canmore	The HER and Canmore record that stone coffins were found March 1913, recorded on an undated 6" plan by R B K Stevenson held in National Museum of Antiquities of Scotland (NMAS).	Low
MEL 1850	Edinken Bridge Stone	373699	673199	HER, Canmore, Field Survey	<p>No further details provided.</p> <p>The HER and Canmore record that four large stones, which stood near Edinken Bridge, were removed a considerable time ago. Excavations were carried out at the site in 1835. Not far from the surface, a large urn was found, surrounded with black ashes, and inverted over a cremation burial. There was no trace of any kind of cist, though a few small stones were found at a depth of 4ft (1.2 m). This excavation was recorded in the New Statistical Account of 1845.</p> <p>Field survey (January 2022) found no upstanding evidence of this asset.</p>	Low
MEL 1861	Skateraw Cropmark Quarry	373740	674936	HER,	The HER records a cropmark, originally interpreted as a prehistoric roundhouse and designated a scheduled monument.	Negligible

SMR no / Canmore no / Designation Ref	Asset Name / Type	Easting	Northing	Source(s)	Asset description	Asset Sensitivity
					Subsequent examination of aerial photographs taken in the 1970s revealed this was an area of quarry pits, and it was subsequently de-scheduled in 1993.	
MEL 1878	Crowhill Farmstead	373499	674099	HER, historic maps	The HER records that the farmstead, depicted on the first edition Ordnance Survey (Haddingtonshire, sheet 12, 1854) is still upstanding.	Low
MEL 1897	Edinken Bridge / The Bridge Of Edincain, King Edward's Bridge, Edirken's Bridge, Edinken's Bridge	373760	673260	HER, Canmore, Field Survey	<p>The HER and Canmore record that neither the correct name nor age of this bridge is known, although it is said to have been ancient. Apart from two small fragments of stone it was removed some years previous to 1836. At the beginning of the 18th century the name is recorded as 'the bridge of Edincain', in the course of the 18th century it was known as 'King Edward's Bridge', at the end of the 18th century it was 'Edirken's Bridge', and, in 1836, 'Edinken's Bridge'. (source: NSA 1845 (A Forman); Name Book 1853)</p> <p>When visited in 1966 by the Ordnance Survey, they recorded that all that remains of this small, single-arched bridge are fragments of masonry on both sides of the stream where the arch springs from the natural rock-face. The portion on the south side has almost gone but that on the north side appears to have retained its original width of 3.5 m. Edinken Bridge appears to be the local name.</p> <p>Field survey (January 2022) found that the location and remains of this bridge could not be confidently identified, along a steep side gorge covered in trees and vegetation. It is possible that the remains seen in 1966 survive beneath the present vegetation cover.</p>	Low
MEL 1899	Corswick Hill Enclosure	372752	674194	HER, Canmore, Aerial photography	<p>The HER and Canmore record cropmarks of a rectilinear enclosure and field boundaries from aerial photographs taken in 1986 and 1989,</p> <p>Not visible on current aerial photography (Google Earth, Bing Aerial) this may be a result of crop conditions at time of photography rather than absence of cropmarks.</p>	Medium
MEL 1958	Skateraw Natural Cropmark	373408	675519	HER	<p>The HER records that, in 2000, Headland Archaeology undertook an evaluation comprising geophysical survey and excavation of 21 trial trenches in advance of a proposed quarry at Skateraw, Dunbar around the cropmark (MEL 1958), which had previously been interpreted as a settlement.</p> <p>The cropmark's position was confirmed by geophysical survey, but excavation established it as a natural paleochannel.</p>	None
MEL 1959	Skateraw Natural Cropmark	373540	675570	HER	<p>The HER records that, in 2000, Headland Archaeology undertook an evaluation comprising geophysical survey and excavation of 21 trial trenches in advance of a proposed quarry at Skateraw, Dunbar around the cropmark (MEL 1959), previously interpreted as a possible ring ditch.</p> <p>Trenches across the cropmark found that the possible ring-ditch appears to be the result of naturally occurring clay patches.</p>	None
MEL 2154	Skateraw / A1 Cement Works to Innerwick Archaeological Assessment	372000	674999	HER	<p>The HER records that an archaeological assessment was carried out by CFA in March 1994 along a 500 m wide survey corridor, in advance of the improvement of a c2 km stretch of the A1 Trunk Road. This involved a desk-based survey, field survey, detailed fieldwalking of a limited area, geophysical survey, and trial-trenching within land parcels to the north of the A1 Trunk Road. Particular attention was paid to the area around the Skateraw Bronze Age burial (MEL 1812). A total of fifty trenches was excavated, covering an area of 780 square metres.</p> <p>Within the trenches the Skateraw Long Cist (MEL 2156) and an isolated, undated circular feature (MEL 2157) were recorded. These assets have been assigned sensitivity against their HER number in this table. The remaining features recorded were modern borrow pits</p>	None

SMR no / Canmore no / Designation Ref	Asset Name / Type	Easting	Northing	Source(s)	Asset description	Asset Sensitivity
					and the remains of concrete hardstandings presumed to be associated with temporary structure built during the construction of the Tarmac Cement Plant.	
MEL 2156	Skateraw Long Cist Burial	372149	675009	HER	<p>THE HER records that a long cist burial, dated to between 440 and 623 AD was identified during trial trenching by CFA (1994) around the area of the Skateraw burial (MEL 1812) close to the Innerwick Church (MEL 1799) and Manse (MEL 1800) in advance of the upgrade to the A1 Trunk Road.</p> <p>The stone grave contained poorly preserved skeletal remains but no artefacts. The radiocarbon dating of the contents of the cist, the east - west orientation, and the absence of grave goods led to interpretation of an Early Christian date for this cist, which was apparently an isolated example.</p>	Low
MEL 2157	Skateraw / Innerwick Manse	372249	674980	HER	<p>The HER records that in 1994 CFA undertook evaluation trenching on the route of the A1, between the cement works and Innerwick.</p> <p>An isolated, circular feature was located c140 m east of Innerwick Manse. It measured c1.2 m in diameter by c0.2 m deep, and the fill consisted of a large quantity of densely packed, rounded stones within a humic sandy silt. No associated features were found, and no dateable evidence was recorded.</p>	Negligible
MEL 2369	Chapel Point Building	373760	675728	HER, historic maps, field survey	<p>The HER records the roofless shell of a gabled house is situated behind the beach on the north side of Skateraw Harbour. It has an enclosed garden to the seaward side. It measures some c. 10 m north to south by 5.5 m wide. The walls are 0.4-0.5 m thick and stand to 2 m high at the single surviving gable. The wall heads have been capped with mortar, possibly in order to consolidate it. There are surface scatters of 19th century/ early 20th century midden (pottery, glass etc.) in the area.</p> <p>On the first edition Ordnance Survey (Haddingtonshire, sheet 12, 1854) the site is shown as a long rectangular building.</p> <p>Field survey (January 2022) confirmed that the building survives, as recorded in the HER.</p>	Low
MEL 2370	Chapel Point Building	373854	675779	HER, historic maps, field survey, aerial photography	<p>The HER records (from GUARD coastal survey) that a roofed structure was present on 1946 Aerial Photographs (B17 7417-8 15/4/46), but not marked on the first edition Ordnance Survey map (Haddingtonshire, sheet 12, 1854). It is absent on 1965 AP's (OS65/2 308-10 28/3/65). The building is not depicted on current mapping and a site visit (for the coastal survey) confirmed the structure is no longer visible.</p> <p>Field survey (January 2022) confirmed that there is no building at the recorded location.</p>	Negligible

SMR no / Canmore no / Designation Ref	Asset Name / Type	Easting	Northing	Source(s)	Asset description	Asset Sensitivity
MEL 2371	Skateraw Boathouse	373699	675579	HER, historic maps, field survey, aerial photography	The HER records (from GUARD coastal survey) a boathouse with slipway, roofed on the 1946 Aerial Photograph (B17 7417-8 15/4/46), but not marked as roofed on the Ordnance Survey mapping. A site visit (for the coastal survey) confirmed that the building has been removed though its floor survives. Field survey (January 2022) confirmed that there is no building at the recorded location.	Low
MEL 2499	Thornton Law Enclosure	373152	673548	HER, aerial photography, Google Earth, Bing Aerial	The HER records cropmarks of a rectilinear enclosure, transcribed by the Royal Commission on Ancient and Historical Monuments of Scotland (RCAHMS) as an enclosure approximately 70 m southwest to northeast by 55 m northwest to southeast. The cropmark is most pronounced on the northeast side and is cut by two possible trackways, according to Canmore airborne mapping ¹ . The typology of this cropmark is such that it does not allow for a date range to be confidently assigned without intrusive investigation, though it may possibly suggest a Romano British enclosure. A rectilinear feature can be seen as a cropmark on both current Google Earth and Bing Aerial imagery.	Medium
MEL 2607	Dryburn, Railway Bridge / Dry Burn, Railway Bridge, East Barnes, Railway Bridge	372670	675429	HER, historic maps	The HER records that the railway bridge, depicted on the first edition Ordnance Survey map (Haddingtonshire, sheet 12, 1854), is still in use.	Low
MEL 2656	Skateraw Watching Brief	373499	675599	HER	The HER records that an archaeological watching brief was undertaken during topsoil stripping associated with an extension to the borrow-pit west of Skateraw Harbour, as part of the A1 dualling (Spott Junction to Oswald Dean section). No finds or features of significance were found.	None
MEL 2839	Skateraw Quarry, Dunbar	373469	675505	HER	The HER records that, in August 2003, Headland Archaeology undertook an archaeological watching brief during soil stripping at Skateraw Quarry. This work followed an initial evaluation and a first phase of watching brief. The initial phase of monitoring in Aug 2001 recorded an infilled paleochannel. During the second phase of monitoring, in August 2003, a single archaeological feature was encountered: a small, circular pit containing oak charcoal, fire-cracked stones, and two small pieces of worked flint.	Negligible
MEL 4071	Thornton Bridge / Innerwick, Ford Bridge	373911	673283	HER, historic maps	The HER records that a road bridge, depicted on the first edition Ordnance Survey (Haddingtonshire, sheet 12, 1854), is still in use.	Low
MEL 7922	Innerwick, Ford Bridge Dovecot	373877	673255	HER	The HER records that Ford Bridge Dovecot, which was formerly a Category C Listed building, was demolished between 1939 and 1945. (Information from Demolitions catalogue held in RCAHMS Library).	Negligible
MEL 7947	Skateraw Quarry	373489	675550	HER, Field Visit	The HER records that a sand-and-gravel quarry has been recorded on oblique aerial photographs (, http://canmore.org.uk/collection/1681248 accessed 17.01.2022). Field survey (January 2022) confirmed that the ground has been reinstated and is now an agricultural field.	None

¹ <https://canmore.org.uk/site/search/result?SITECOUNTRY=0&view=map> accessed 22/02/2022

SMR no / Canmore no / Designation Ref	Asset Name / Type	Easting	Northing	Source(s)	Asset description	Asset Sensitivity
MEL 9125	Chapel Point, War Memorial	373895	675765	HER, Field Visit	The HER records that a war memorial, to the boys of the St Giles Club who died in World War II, moved to Chapel Point in the 1980s. Field survey (January 2022) found that the memorial is still present, and the inscription is as described.	Low
MEL 9365	Chapel Point Findspot	373908	675752	HER	The HER records that archaeological deposits, containing bone, shell and pottery sherds, were revealed in coastal exposures on the south side of Chapel Point. It is possible that they relate to the medieval chapel, St Denis's Chapel (MEL 1764), which is reported as once standing on this promontory.	Low
MEL 9366	Chapel Point Sculpture	373711	675812	HER, Field Visit	The HER records that a sculpture by artist Ronald Rae, entitled 'Mr. Floaty' and depicting a large fish, was set by the John Muir Way, close to the coast edge. Carved from red granite, the sculpture was on loan from the artist to the Demarco Skateraw Project. Field survey (January 2022) found that the sculpture is no longer present, and it is presumed the loan period has finished and the sculpture has been removed to another location.	None
MEL 9792	Innerwick Farm Aircraft Crash Site	373000	673599	HER	The HER records an aircraft crash on this site in 1940. The aircraft type is recorded as a Hurricane; ID number: L2115; Squadron: 605 Sqn.; Crash date: 24/6/40. Site either dug or visited by Dumfries and Galloway Aviation Museum. No further information.	Negligible
MEL 10227	Skateraw Farm Archaeological Evaluation	373450	675454	HER	The HER reports that, in September and October 2000, Headland Archaeology undertook an evaluation comprising 21 trenches in advance of a proposed quarry at Skateraw, Dunbar around two cropmarks: interpreted as a settlement (MEL 1958) and a possible ring ditch (MEL 1959). The position of MEL 1958 was confirmed by geophysical survey, but excavation established it as a natural palaeochannel. The subsoil was extremely variable across the site and most of the anomalies identified by geophysical survey were confirmed as natural features by trial trenching. The possible ring-ditch (MEL 1959) appears to be the result of naturally occurring clay patches. The HER goes on to record that a number of isolated features were identified during the trial trenching. Three large cut features were interpreted as sand and gravel extraction pits. Two smaller pit bases and a linear feature had no clear function. A small assemblage of lithic waste was recovered from several of the features. Given the close proximity of known prehistoric sites it was seen as likely that the area was subject to low intensity use from an early period. Evidence for furrow cultivation, and some late medieval pottery, was also recovered from the area. This area was subsequently used as a quarry (http://canmore.org.uk/collection/1681248 accessed 17/01/2022) and has subsequently been reinstated as a pasture field.	None
MEL 10228	Skateraw Farm Rig and Furrow	373514	675538	HER	The HER records that an area of rig and furrow at Skateraw farm was recorded during the Skateraw evaluation (MEL 10227). No further details are provided. The area has subsequently been quarried and reinstated as an agricultural field.	None
MEL 10316	Thornton Law / Castledene Cropmark; Trackway	373190	673448	HER, aerial photography	The HER records a linear cropmark, probable trackway, transcribed by RCAHMS from photo no. C28669. It crosses the scheduled cropmark Castledene, enclosure (SM 5849), which is interpreted as a late prehistoric enclosure. This trackway is not visible on current Google Earth imagery but is possibly visible on current Bing Aerial imagery. The straightness of this linear feature, running from one of the current field entrances to a building at its west end, would suggest that it is a recent (post medieval / modern) feature.	Low

SMR no / Canmore no / Designation Ref	Asset Name / Type	Easting	Northing	Source(s)	Asset description	Asset Sensitivity
MEL 10407	Skateraw Landing Ground	373720	675170	HER	The HER records the site of a World War I emergency aircraft landing ground at Skateraw. The 1918 RAF survey of air stations listed it as an area of 21.5ha on the coast adjacent to a sea cliff.	Negligible
MEL 10836	Chapel Point Findspot	373908	675756	HER	The HER records that two medieval pottery sherds, which date to the 12th and 15th centuries, were revealed in the eroding coastal edge in 2015. It is possible that they relate to the medieval chapel, St Denis's Chapel (MEL1764) which is reported as once standing on this promontory.	Negligible
MEL 11001	Chapel Point Find Spot	373930	675760	HER	The HER records that nine medieval pottery sherds, which date from the 13 th or possibly late 12th century, were revealed in eroding coastal edge in 2015. It is possible that they relate to the medieval chapel, St Denis's Chapel (MEL 1764) which is reported as once standing on this promontory.	Negligible
MEL 11230	Skateraw Geophysical Anomalies	373499	674781	HER, Grey literature	<p>The HER records an area of archaeological interest from geophysical survey including possible ditches and archaeological features.</p> <p>Between September and October 2015, Wessex Archaeology undertook a geophysical survey along the route of an onshore cable associated with the Neart na Gaoithe Offshore Wind Farm. The survey demonstrated the presence of a number of anomalies of likely archaeological interest, including an L-shaped ditch-like feature (Wessex 4039) within an area of increased magnetic response (Wessex 4040).</p> <p>Subsequently, a programme of archaeological trial trenching (EEL 1184, Malone 2019) was carried out along the route of the Neart na Gaoithe onshore cable which targeted these geophysical anomalies. No archaeological features were recorded at this location.</p>	None
MEL 11231	Skateraw Geophysical Anomalies	373283	674838	HER, Grey literature	<p>The HER records an area of archaeological interest from geophysical survey including possible ditches and archaeological features.</p> <p>Between September and October 2015, Wessex Archaeology undertook a geophysical survey along the route of an onshore cable associated with the Neart na Gaoithe Offshore Wind Farm. The survey demonstrated the presence of a number of anomalies of likely archaeological interest, including two sets of parallel sections of ditch (Wessex 4037 and 4038) within an area of increased magnetic response. Two smaller conjoined possible features lie to the north-east. The close physical proximity of the possible features suggests that they may be related</p> <p>Subsequently, a programme of archaeological trial trenching (EEL 1184, Malone 2019) was carried out along the route of the Neart na Gaoithe onshore cable which targeted these geophysical anomalies. No archaeological features were recorded at this location.</p>	None
MEL 11232	Skateraw Geophysical Anomalies	372743	674871	HER, Grey literature	<p>The HER records an area of archaeological interest recorded from geophysical survey including possible ditches, enclosures and archaeological features.</p> <p>Between September and October 2015, Wessex Archaeology undertook a geophysical survey along the route of an onshore cable associated with the Neart na Gaoithe Offshore Wind Farm. The survey demonstrated the presence of a number of anomalies of likely archaeological interest, including two sections of curvilinear ditch (Wessex 4043 and 4044), two smaller narrow sections of linear ditch forming an L-shaped layout (Wessex 4045) and short section of ditch (Wessex 4046), associated with a rectangular area of increased magnetic response, and an additional circular area of increased magnetic response (Wessex 4047).</p> <p>Subsequently, a programme of archaeological trial trenching (EEL 1184, Malone 2019) was carried out along the route of the Neart na Gaoithe onshore cable, which targeted the geophysical anomalies. No archaeological features were recorded at this location.</p>	None

SMR no / Canmore no / Designation Ref	Asset Name / Type	Easting	Northing	Source(s)	Asset description	Asset Sensitivity
MEL 11411	Thornton Hill Cropmark Pits	373340	673170	HER, aerial photography, Google Earth, Bing Aerial	<p>The HER and Canmore record that two, large possible pits, have been recorded as cropmarks on oblique aerial photographs (RCAHMS AP 2015) on a promontory in the angle between the Braidwood Burn and the Ogle Burn.</p> <p>The possible pits are not visible on current aerial photography (Google Earth, Bing Aerial) but this may be a result of crop conditions at time of photography rather than absence of cropmarks.</p>	Up to Medium
MEL 11438	Innerwick Cropmark Trackway	373140	673850	HER, aerial photography, Google Earth, Bing Aerial	<p>The HER records a possible trackway recorded from 2015 aerial photography. No further description is provided.</p> <p>The possible trackway is not visible on current aerial photography (Google Earth) but this may be a result of crop conditions at time of photography rather than absence of cropmarks. Bing Aerial imagery shows a wide feature, possibly a paleochannel.</p>	Low